Pharma, healthcare sector seek simplified regulations in budget

The pharmaceutical industry bodies have urged government to promote innovation

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NEW DELHI: The government should take measures to promote innovation and fish of research & development) while simplifying regulations for the sector in the apcoming Union budget, as per pharmaceutical industry bodies.

industry bodies.

Outlining the wishlist for the sector in the apcoming Union budget, Indian Pharmacestical Alliance (IPA) secretary general Sudarshan Jain said the thonestic plearum industry is currently around \$50 billion in size and aspires to grow to around \$530 billion by 2037 and \$450 billion by 2037.

by 2047.
To achieve this vision, the Union budget 2023-2024 decedd help fuel innovation and B&D, which will set the pace for propelling the pharmaceutical industry forward." be told PTL

The budget should outline supportive policies, simplified regulations, and simple GST norms to aid in the development of the pharmaceutical industry, he added.



'The domestic pharma industry is currently around \$50 billion in size and aspires to grow to around \$130 billion by 2030.'

IPA is an alliance of 24 leading domestic pharma companies, including Sun Pharma, De Reddy's Laboratories, Aurobindo Pharma, Cipla, Lupiu and Gleamark.

Organisation of Pharmaceutical Producers of India (OPPI) director general Vivek Sebgad stated that is order to enable the life sciences sector to truly contribute to the Annanithhar Bharat' vision for India, the government needs to incentivise the shift to a discovery-oriented and science-driven approach by providing fiscal incentives and enabling policies.

"The government needs to set in place R&D-focused incentives for the promotion of investment, which remains a constant and necessary ask of the sector," he said, Besides, the government can comsider providing research-linked incentive schemes for companies making investments to undertake research for new drugs, new chemical entities, and/or new biological entitles (NBEs) to combat outbreaks and also explore providing a 200 per cent weighted deduction for companies undertaking such R&D, Sehgal said.

Other considerations such as providing long-pending charification on the patent box regime to encourage Indian innovators. who developed patents in India and derive benefits worldwide, would also be good mitiatives. he added.

he added.

OPPT represents researchbased pharmacoutical companics in India like AstraZensca.
Johnson & Johnson and Merck.

Novartis India country presideot Amitabh Dabe said that smilar to the production linked incentive (PLI) scheme, the goverament needs to put an impetus on the research-linked incentive scheme as that will improve the accessibility of novel drugs. As for the bealthcare sector.

As for the healthcare sector, industry hostly Nothealth president Stravan Subramanyam and that it is imporative to build infrastructural capabilities so that people have grenter access to quality and critical healthcare services. Viability gap funding by the government is essential to set up hospitals in tier-1 and fee-2 cities, encouraging increased investment in the healthcare infrastructure, he added.

We are also witnessing a significant Impact on the cost of running business which will affect the sustainability of medtoch organisations. If all payment bucklogs both for providers and suppliers under insurance and public procurement are cleared, it would significantly improve the availability of healthcare infrastructure," he added.

Fortis Healthcare managing director & chief executive officer Ashutosh Raghavanski said increased policy support is required to encourage, facilitate medical value travel to India.

"Another critical area is addressing the shortage of healthcare professionals - by identifying doctors, nurses and technical staff willing to work in Tier 2/3 cities and looking at non-traditional ways to double the number of doctors." he added.

Metropolis Heulthcare promoter and managing director Ameera Shah said the Union budget 2023-2024 should help fuel innovation, R&D, and healthcare expenditure as an investment into fasture human capital, which will set the pace for propelling the industry forward.

The government should consider zero-rating GST on healthcare services. It will ensure elgibility for input tax credits, which may belp to reduce the cost of said services, and a refund of unutilised input tax credits should also be allowed to provide additional working capital to industry players," she added.

OPPI mentioned in Hindustan Times - Rajasthan edition